

Download door EnergyClaim, 11-3-2015

<http://www.europarl.europa.eu/sides/getDoc.do?pubRef=-%2f%2fEP%2f%2fTEXT%2bWQ%2bE-2015-001138%2b0%2bDOC%2bXML%2bV0%2f%2fEN&language=EN>

Parliamentary questions

28 January 2015


E-001138-15

[Question for written answer to the Commission](#)

[Rule 130](#)

[Bas Eickhout \(Verts/ALE\)](#)

► **Subject: Incorrect implementation of Energy Performance of Buildings Directive certification scheme in the Netherlands**

 Answer(s)

Article 17 of Directive 2010/31/EU on the energy performance of buildings (EPBD) requires that the energy performance certification of buildings be carried out in an independent manner by qualified and/or accredited experts.

On 1 January 2015, the Dutch Government launched its energy performance certification scheme for buildings, nine years after the deadline for transposition. Under this scheme, home owners have to use an Internet application to generate their own energy label, and the application is checked by an expert who is not physically present⁽¹⁾. The current method is therefore open to abuse and leads to incorrect energy performance values.

Does the Commission agree that the Netherlands has not implemented the EPBD correctly, since the certification is neither carried out in an independent manner nor by qualified and/or accredited experts?

If so, what steps will the Commission take to make sure that the Dutch Government implements the EPBD properly?

⁽¹⁾ <http://www.energielabel.nl/woningen/>

EN

E-001138/2015

Answer given by Mr Arias Cañete

on behalf of the Commission

(11.3.2015)

The Commission has two infringement procedures open in relation to the transposition of Directive 2010/31/EU on the energy performance of buildings (EPBD) in the Netherlands. Both procedures are at the stage of Reasoned Opinion as foreseen in Article 258 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. Following these, the Dutch authorities have communicated to the Commission several adopted pieces of legislation, most recently in December 2014.

The implementation of the EPBD in the Netherlands is therefore subject to further investigation, taking into account the latest legislation. If the Netherlands indeed failed to fulfil their obligations under this Directive, the Commission would consider further steps as foreseen in the EU Treaties.